

Math 256B. Homework 12

Due Wednesday 24 April

1. State an analogue of Theorem 7.1 for $n = 0$. Prove it directly, using as few results from Section 7 as possible. (You may use the two definitions of dualizing sheaf and the fact that they are equivalent.)
- 2(NC). Let $\mathfrak{U} = (U_i)_{i \in I}$ be an open covering of a topological space X , and let I' be a subset of I such that $\mathfrak{U}' := (U_i)_{i \in I'}$ also covers X . Construct natural maps

$$\mathcal{C}^p(\mathfrak{U}, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^p(\mathfrak{U}', \mathcal{F})$$

for all $p \in \mathbb{N}$ and all sheaves \mathcal{F} of abelian groups on X , functorially in \mathcal{F} , such that

- (i). $\mathcal{C}(\mathfrak{U}, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(\mathfrak{U}', \mathcal{F})$ is a map of complexes for all \mathcal{F} , and
 - (ii). if X is a scheme and if \mathcal{F} , \mathfrak{U} , and \mathfrak{U}' satisfy the hypotheses of (III, Thm. 4.5), then the maps $\check{H}^p(\mathfrak{U}, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \check{H}^p(\mathfrak{U}', \mathcal{F})$ induced by this map of complexes are compatible with the maps of (III, Thm. 4.5).
3. Let k be a field. Compute the dualizing sheaf of the (reduced) scheme

$$X = V(z) \cup V(x, y) \subseteq \mathbb{P}_k^2.$$

(This is the disjoint union of a line and a point.)